

APRS Mission in BIRDS Satellites



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Background...



U What is APRS?

- Automatic Packet Reporting System (Technical term)
- Automatic Position Reporting System (Deprecated)

A tactical, real-time information sharing system using standard protocols over packet radio

- > Developed by Bob Bruninga around 1992.
- Supported by several major radio manufacturers(Kenwood, Yaesu, Alinco etc)
- Useful for both emergency operations and standard day to day operations.





Bob



Background



Common terms in APRS

Trackers

• APRS stations with GPS receivers that move around

Digipeaters

 APRS Stations with good antennas/radios which can repeat your packet for more range

I-gate(Internet Gateway)

 A listening post connected to the internet to forward traffic to (and from) the APRS-IS

Terminal Node Controller

• A packet modem that handles audio modulation/ demodulation



Background



How does it work?

- Passes packets on a normal FM channel
- Uses AX.25 Protocol, based on AFSK (Audio Frequency Shift Keying) modulation
- Speeds of up to 1200bps on a single channel









□ What's in APRS packet?

TNC	Source	Routing Path	Control	PID	Information Field	
Description	Address	(Optional)	(0x03)	(0xF0)		
7 octets	7 octets	N x 7 octets	2 octets		1-256 octets	

□<u>Example</u>

W6TDM-2>APOT30,WIDE1-1,qAR,W6IA:!3719.14N/12201.72Wo 12.1V 76F cupertinoares.org





Background



U What can you do with APRS?

- Send and receive global APRS messages/announcements
- Lookup names/Locations based on callsign
- Location of a station (Cars, Moto-cycles, Fire trucks)
- Telemetry (Weather stations, battery levels, plant health, etc)











APRS Trackers Available today

Byonics Tiny Trak4

- Costs about \$70 ready to go package
- Does 300, 1200, 9600 baud packets
- User upgradable firmware, updated regularly

http://www.byonics.com



Purchase Module



Build kit





□ APRS Radios Available today

 APRS Radios make a full APRS communication system by combining User Interface, TNC and Transceiver in one unit



Kenwood TMD-710







APRS VHF Frequencies

- 144.390 MHz North America
- 144.660 MHz Japan
- 144.800 MHz South Africa, Europe, Russia
- 144.930 MHz Argentina, Uruguay
- 145.175 MHz Australia
- 145.570 MHz Brazil
- 145.525 MHz Thailand
- 145.825 MHz ISS



Source: <u>https://www.sigidwiki.com/wiki/Automatic Packet Reporting System (APRS)</u>

ARISS – Amateur Radio on International Space Station offers APRS messages and Voice on frequencies of 145.825MHz and 145.99MHz

ISS APRS Call-Signs

- Russian: RS0ISS
- USA: NA1SS
- European: DP0ISS, OR4ISS, IR0ISS
- ARISS contacts afford education audiences the opportunity to learn firsthand from astronauts
- Students also get an opportunity to learn about satellite communication, wireless technology, and radio science.





-

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https://www.ariss.org

Tune in for another week of double downlinks as students from Illinois and Georgia experience the opportunity to ask their questions to astronauts living and working on the International Space Station!

📑 : https://go.nasa.gov/3xhJrWQ









Ham Radio on ISS – Talk to Astronauts



Source: YouTube





APRS in BIRDS Satellites





BIRDS-5





BIRDS satellites utilize APRS;

- In Store & Forward Mission data collection from GSTs in remote areas.
- To serve armature Radio community through APRS Digi-peating.



Birds-4 APRS/SF-ward Mission Board



Birds-5 APRS/SF-ward Mission Board

APRS-DP/SF-WARD Mission Main Components



<u>VHF Transceiver</u> BiM1H 145.825MHz

- Data rates: up to 10kbps(APRS)
- Good Heritage
- Sensitivity:
 - Manufacturer: -120dBm
 - FM: -96dBm
 - EM cable test: -118dBm



APRS Module(TNC) ATMEGA644-20PU

- Widely used in TT4 APRS digipeaters
- Good Heritage



<u>SF-Ward MCU</u> PIC18F67J94

- Low power requirements
- Low cost
- Good Heritage



<u>SF-Ward Flash Memory</u> MT25QL01GBBB8ES

- Low power requirements
- Low cost
- Good Heritage



APRS Digi-Peating...





Kyushu Institute of Technology



APRS Digi-Peating (On Ground)





Kyushu Institute of Technology



APRS Digi-Peating (In Orbit)





By: Marloun (BIRDS-4)



APRS Digi-Peating (In Orbit)



Results

12 UISS v5.4.3 By ON6MU (c)2001-2020
File Edit Send Filters Find Options MHeard Modules View Setup Help
Your Call: JK1ASJ/6
Via WIDE1-1 Via Via Position Message MHeard Multi-line Connect
TX Text/Data Text: GM Japan via ISS
TX APRS Position 15
TX APRS Message 73
For: JGGYBW Message GM from kitakyushu, thx
Monitor
Fm JG6YBW To APY300 Via WIDE1-1 <ui len="16" pid="F0">[07:21:42] :JK1ASJ ::d[30</ui>
Fm JG6YMX To APTT4 Via WIDE1-1 <ui len="21" pid="F0">[07:22:10] October 16, 2021 (AOS 07:17JST)</ui>
transmitter: FTM-300 + Futaba antenna
receiver: FT-991 + Horyu antenna
Fm JG6YBW To APY300 Via WIDE1-1 <ui len="16" pid="F0">[07:22:36] :JK1ASJ :c(29 - 73.6deg highest elevation</ui>
Fm JG6YBW To APY300 Via WIDE1-1 <ui len="16" pid="F0">[07:22:39] - APRS beacon and digipeat messages were</ui>
:JK1ASJ :d(30 received and decoded
Fm JG6YBW To APY300 Via JG6YMX*,WIDE1* <ui len="16" pid="F0">[07:22:40] :JK1ASJ ::d[30</ui>
Fm JG6YBW To APY300 Via WIDE1-1 <ui len="16" pid="F0">[07:22:42] :JK1ASJ :e[31</ui>
Fm JG6YBW To APY300 Via JG6YMX*,WIDE1* <ui len="16" pid="F0">[07:22:43] JK1ASJ_:e[31</ui>
Fm JG6YMX To APTT4 Via WIDE1-1 <ui len="21" pid="F0">{07:22:55} hello! this is birdjp</ui>
Fm JG6YBW To APY300 Via WIDE1-1 <ui len="16" pid="F0">[07:23:13] :JK1ASJ :f[32</ui>
Fm JG6YMX To APTT4 Via WIDE1-1 <ui len="21" pid="F0">[07:23:40] hello! this is birdip</ui>

By: Marloun (BIRDS-4)

File Edit Send Filters Find Options MHeard Modules View Setup Help - Communication Ports: TX-1 / RX-1 21:28:25 Your Call: JK1ASJ/6 (131) ((言)) 12:28:25 To: APRS F7 F8 CTRL F1/2/ 36 Via: APRSAT 0 ▼ Text/data Position Message MHeard Multi-line Connect TX Text/Data - 1 : Text: GM Japan via ISS **JG6YBA** 🔒 🏂 **G**6YMX TX APRS Position 15 - 🕑 🔍 Text: Via Satellite C Sort TX APR S Message 23 · Heard - 🖹 🖂 For: JGGYBA - Message: GM from kitakyushu, thx 2 Monitor Log ON No Filter Beacon OFF 💥 🗈 🚹 🖴 💽 😂 🗔 🕭 00 Scroll 0 Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via JG6YMX*,WIDE1* <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:21:43] Digipeated messages TASJ :24 Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:06] JK1ASJ :1{2 September 30, 2021 21:17JST m JG6YBA To APK003 Via JG6YMX*, WIDE1* <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:07] 89.4deg highest elevation TX: Kenwood TH-D72 HHR + Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:09] JK1ASJ :2{3 BTech RF Amp Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:11] RX: Yaesu FT-991 JK1ASJ :3{4 Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via JG6YMX*, WIDE1* <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:12] KIASJ 3 Fm JG6YMX To APTT4 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=21 >[21:22:13] **Received APRS beacon** ello! this is birdjp Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:21] JK1ASJ :1{2 Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:23] JK1ASJ :2{3 m JG6YBA To APK003 Via JG6YMX*, WIDE1* <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:24] Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:25] JK1ASJ :3{4 Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:27] IK1AS.1 :465 Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via JG6YMX*,WIDE1* <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:28] IK1ASJ :4{ Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:44] JK1ASJ :1{2

Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via JG6YMX*,WIDE1* <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:44] JK1ASJ ::1[2

12 UISS v5.4.3 By ON6MU (c)2001-2020

Fm JG6YBA To APK003 Via WIDE1-1 <UI pid=F0 Len=15 >[21:22:46] :JK1ASJ :2{3



APRS Contact with Satellites



APRS Contact with BIRDS-4 Satellite in Orbit using HHR



<u>Set-up</u>

Kenwood TH-D72+ BTech RF Amp(40W) + Yagi Antenna(6dBi)

Kyushu Institute of Technology



Satellite Store & Forward System



□A spacecraft that "receives and stores messages while over one part of the earth and downloads them later over another part of the globe."



APRS/SF-ward Block Diagram (BIRDS-5)







APRS/SF-ward Block Diagram





BIRDS-5 Mission Board 2





APRS (VHF Antenna Tunning)



Reflection Coefficient (S11) of VHF Dipole



VHF Antenna Radiation Pattern





VHF Transceiver Sensitivity Measurement





APRS GS Link Budget



ELEVATION		30°	60°	80°	ELEVATION		30°	60°	80°
GROUND STATION				SATELLITE					
Transmit Output Power [W]		50	50	50	Transmit Output Power [W]		0.5	0.5	0.5
Transmit Output Power	[dBm]	47	47	47	Transmit Output Power	[dBm]	27	27	27
Antenna Gain	[dB]	16	16	16	Antenna Gain + Cable Loss [d]		0.5	0.5	0.5
Transmission Line Loss	[dB]	3	3	3	EIRP	[dBm]	27.5	27.5	27.5
EIRP	[dBm]	60	60	60	DOWNLINK PATH				
UPLINK PATH	·			Satellite Antenna Pointing Loss	[dB]	3	3	3	
GS Antenna Pointing Loss	[dB]	3	3	3	Polarization Loss	[dB]	3	3	3
Polarization Loss	[dB]	3	3	3	Atmospheric + Ionospheric Losses	[dB]	1.4	1.4	1.4
Atmospheric + Ionospheric Losses	[dB]	1.4	1.4	1.4	Path Loss	[dB]	133.1	128.9	127.9
Path Loss	[dB]	133.1	128.9	127.9	Antenna Pointing Loss	[dB]	3	3	3
Antenna Pointing Loss	[dB]	3	3	3	Effective Attenuation	[dB]	143	138.8	137.8
Effective Attenuation	[dB]	130.5	126.3	125.3	Power at the ground station	[dBm]	-116	-111.8	-110.8
Power at the satellite [dBm]		-83.5	-79.3	-78.3	GROUND STATION				
SATELLITE					Antenna Gain	[dB]	16	16	16
Antenna Gain + Cable Loss	[dB]	0.5	0.5	0.5	Transmission Line Loss	[dB]	3	3	3
Transceiver Received Power	[dBm]	-83	-78.8	-77.8	Transceiver Received Power	[dBm]	-103	-98.8	-97.8
Minimum Received Power	[dBm]	-95	-95	-95	Minimum Received Power	[dBm]	-125	-125	-125
Link Margin	[dB]	12	16.2	17.2	Link Margin	[dB]	22	26.2	27.2

Uplink

Downlink



Ground Sensor Terminals



• GSTs can either be interfaced to an existing host station (with sensors) or stand-alone.



Courtesy of Joven Javier, DOSTASTI





• Proposed Configurations of BIRDS APRS GSTs...





BIRDS-5 GST Development

Software TNC on Raspberry Pi...

What is Dire Wolf?

Decoded Information from Radio Emissions for Windows Or Linux Fans

• Open-source software replacement for the traditional TNC

Platforms

- Windows.
- Linux x86, x86_64PC, Raspberry Pi.
- Mac OSX.

Services supported

- GPS Tracker.
- Digipeater.
- Internet Gateway (IGate)
- Virtual TNC for Applications such as APRSIS32, Xastir, SARTrack, UISS, Linux AX25, Winlink Express





BIRDS-5 GST Development



GST Block Diagram





BIRDS-5 GST Components





Link Margin: ≈8dB(at 30°) ≈13dB(at 80°)





Advantage:

- Power Saving
- Efficient use of communication channel



Inputs:

- GST Location
- Satellite TLE

How to improve GST Uplink Success rate...



- 1. Use of High gain Antenna
- 2. Antenna pointing
 - Use Stepper Motors for Elev & Azim Control





BIRDS-5 GST Development



Antenna Tracking program flow chart





ls

yes

No





□ Limited satellite visibility and moving coverage

□ Low data rate

High Transmission Power Required



"Internet of Things (IoT)": The Next Industrial Revolution

"Smart objects"



"Smart homes and cities"





Source: <u>https://opentechdiary.wordpress.com/t</u> ag/internet-of-things/

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The End

Thank You!